Substructural Information Flow via Polymorphism

Hemant Sai Gouni 10/21/2024



An Opinionated Guide to Information Flow 🧩

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source & destination

destination

Information Flow is About Separation



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Information Flow is About Separation



















stdout can flow to password





stdout

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Information Flow via 🔆 Polymorphism 🔆

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e : [a b] int

















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- Read e : [a b] int as "expression e is dependent on data from sources a, b with type int."
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 - int tells you what that thing is
- Track information dependencies in types
 - Flows induce dependencies









auth : a string -> (b int -> c bool) -> d bool where tok ⊑ b pwd ⊔ a ⊔ c ⊑ d





$\mathsf{pwd} \sqcup \mathsf{a} \sqcup \mathsf{c} \sqsubseteq \mathsf{d}$













$\mathsf{pwd} \sqcup \mathsf{a} \sqcup \mathsf{c} \sqsubseteq \mathsf{d}$









$\texttt{tok}\sqsubseteq\texttt{b}$



























Lattices

```
a string -> (b int -> c bool) -> d bool
where tok \sqsubseteq b
pwd \sqcup a \sqcup c \sqsubseteq d
```

Polymorphism

[a] string -> ([tok] int -> [c] bool) -> [pwd a c] bool

Lattices

A fragment of a more complicated Flow Caml type:

a string where $b \sqcup c \sqsubseteq a$ f $\sqsubseteq b$ d $\sqcup e \sqsubseteq c$

Polymorphism
[d e f] string









Is [x y] the same as [y x]?

Is [x y] the same as [x y z]?

Is [x x] the same as [x]?



- What does it mean to get rid of these rules?
- Weakening
- Contraction
- Exchange



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- Weakening

```
• With 

    let id : [ 	 ] int -> [ 	 ] int

    let id x = x
```

- Contraction
- Exchange

- What does it mean to get rid of these rules?
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 - With
 With
 let id : [↔] int -> [↔] int
 let id x = x
 Without
 let id : [↔] int -> [↔] int
 let id x = x

- Contraction
- Exchange

- What does it mean to get rid of these rules?
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 - With 🔽 let id : [🐟] int -> [🐟 🐠] int let id x = x• Without 🚫 let id : [🐟] int -> [🐟] int let id x = x• Error 💥 let br : [🐟] bool -> [🐠] int -> [🐟 🐠] int let br b x = if b then x else 0• No type for this term...?
- Contraction
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 - With 🔽
 - let x2 : [] int -> [] int

let $x^2 x = x + x$

• Without 🚫

let x2 : [] int -> [↓] int let x2 x = x + x

• Exchange

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 - With ✓
 let xy : [] -> [] -> []
 let xy x y = y + x

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Capability reasoning for free from dropping weakening!

```
module type Authorize : sig
label ♥
let auth : [ ] password ->
[ ♥ ] unit + [ ] unit
end
```

let sensitive_op = [<♥] arg_type -> ...

...which lets us prevent resource exhaustion issues!







Definition of Non-Interference

You must not be able to turn something you **cannot** observe into something you **can** observe.





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The structural rules *define* your powers of *observation*.



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Definition of Non-Interference

You must not be able to turn something you **cannot** observe into something you **can** observe.

Central Idea

The structural rules *define* your powers of *observation*.

- Can't lie about the number of 🥮 we've got in our bag!

...which lets us prevent resource exhaustion issues!





Granule: General framework for graded type theories. Our system could be embedded in theirs by extending their compiler with the appropriate SMT encoding.

• Substructural non-interference offers strong guarantees for this kind of reasoning anywhere, whether in a standalone implementation or for embeddings into a more general setting. **Session Types, Choreographies, Typestate**: Focus on the *future* rather than the past: they only tell you what *can be done* computationally, not what form a computation *already has*.

• Occasionally adopt slightly more alien computational models like process calculi.

Information flow can be captured using familiar machinery for parametric polymorphism.

Building on this, substructural information flow provides essential security and behavioral reasoning tools.

These tools have been proved to be sound via substructural non-interference, a powerful property that generalizes typical non-interference.

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